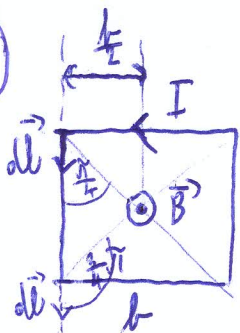


1.



1b

- použíjeme Biot-Savartovu zákon:

$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi} \int \frac{d\vec{l} \times \vec{r}}{|\vec{r}|^3}$$

- analógne príspevky od všetkých stránok: $|\vec{B}| = 4|\vec{B}'|$

$$B' = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi} \int \frac{dl r \sin \alpha}{r^3} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi} \int \frac{dl \sin \alpha}{r^2} \quad 1b$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{a}{x} = \frac{a}{L-l} \Rightarrow L-l = \frac{a}{\tan \alpha}$$

$$l = L - \frac{a}{\tan \alpha} = L - a \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$dl = -a \frac{(-\sin \alpha) \sin \alpha - \cos \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha} d\alpha$$

$$1b \quad dl = a \frac{\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha} = \frac{a}{\sin^2 \alpha} d\alpha$$

$$1b \quad \tan \alpha = \frac{a}{r} \Rightarrow r = \frac{a}{\sin \alpha}$$

$$B' = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi} \int \frac{a}{\sin^2 \alpha} d\alpha \cdot \sin \alpha \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{a^2} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi a} \int \sin \alpha d\alpha$$

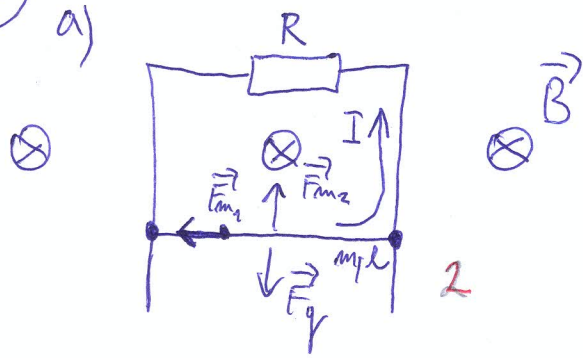
$$B' = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2 \cdot 4\pi \cdot \frac{b}{2} \cdot \frac{b}{4}} \int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} \sin \alpha d\alpha = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi b} [-\cos \alpha]_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi b} \left[\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right] = \frac{\mu_0 I}{\pi b} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \quad 1b$$

$$B = 4B' = 2\sqrt{2} \frac{\mu_0 I}{\pi b} \quad 1b$$

65

2

a)



\vec{F}_{m1} - magnetická síla na pohybující se vodič
 \vec{F}_{m2} - mag. síla na vodič s proudem

$$b) |u_i| = \frac{dQ}{dt} = \frac{B \cdot dS}{dt} = \frac{B \cdot l \cdot dx}{dt} = \frac{B l v \cdot dt}{dt} = \underline{\underline{B l v}} \quad 1$$

$$c) |\vec{F}_{m2}| = |\vec{F}_g| \quad 1, \quad \vec{F}_{m2} = I \vec{l} \times \vec{B} \quad 1$$

$$I l B = m g \quad , \quad I = \frac{u}{R} = \frac{B l v}{R} \quad 0,5$$

$$\frac{B l v}{R} l B = m g$$

$$\underline{\underline{v = \frac{m g R}{(B l)^2}}} \quad 0,5$$

6b

